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¬¬GIBS News Letter

Supplement

Augment The Treatment of IC/BPS: Intravesical Instillation of PPS - A Boon for Life

It is already known that Interstitial Cystitis/ Bladder Pain Syndrome is a chronic, non-infectious, inflammatory condition of poorly understood aetiology that affects the urinary bladder. It has anintense impact on the psychological and social wellbeing of the patient if symptoms or urinary urgency, frequency and severe bladder pain are inadequately treated. So far only oral pentosan had been cited in literature to have positive impact on the condition and with no severe side effects, however it is a slow acting drug with lesser bioavailability unlike other available fast acting and instant sources of drugs used for treating IC/BPS with severe side effects. There are many other drugs and therapies in the treatment of IC/BPS.

Dr. Sandor Lovasz Ph.D. (Hungary) emphasized in his talk during Global Interstitial Cystitis Bladder Pain Society (GIBS) Congress held on August 28th, 2021, one such therapy and discussed the new aspects of thetherapy in IC/BPS. He accentuated the impact of intravesical therapy so beautifully, it clearly states the high efficacy of drug with no severe side effects when given intravesical instillation. He had put some lighton why local instillation therapies are used, the advantages of instillation therapies, what are the drugs generally used for such therapies, what kind of medications can be instilled, when and in which frequency it can be recommended to perform. However, scarcely it is spoken about how one may do this instillation, as all conventional bladder instillation is recommended to be performed using a urethral catheterization which makes the therapy extremely painful. Aware of the painful conditions, significant number of patients refuse the instillation procedure, though this is the only mode to get relief faster, as the instillation of the drug is local intravesical. Not only the pain, but also the expensive therapy, the time to visit the doctor every time an instillation needed refrains the patient from



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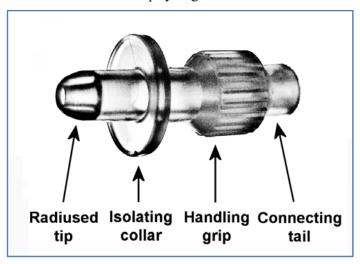
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accepting the instillation therapy. Hence, an invention of a catheter-free instillation method by using the syringe adapter which is called "UroDapter" is done to prevent the pain during bladder instillation, to improve patients' quality of life and to convert instillation therapy into a pain-free procedure. It also supports the mases to help deal with the condition smoothly and attain an improved quality of life.

Uro Dapter... How it works?

It seems to be a boon for all those suffering patients. UroDapter is a tiny plastic adapter which fits overboth Luer-lock and Luer-slip syringes.

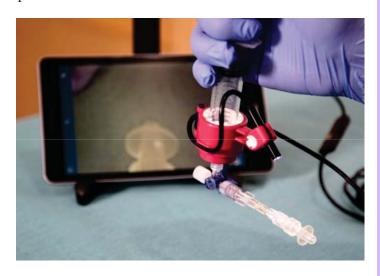




over the surface of the peri-orifical surface and then the

The main part of the Uro Dapter is the flexible isolating collar for a leakage free instillation, which fits instillation may be performed in a leakage-free way. It can be used in both the genders. Simultaneous treatment of the bladder and the urethral mucosa can be done by use of UroDapter which is the greatest advantage of this method. The need of catheterization for the instillation is eliminated and hence there is no mechanical lesion on the urethral mucosa, completely pain-free, quick, and simple procedure. The easy procedure convinces the patient to adopt this method w i t h o u t f e a r.

UroStill is an assistive device for self-instillation in female patients in combination with the advantages of a syringe adapter. There is a micro video camera which helps targeting the orifice which eases the procedure to have an external view on how the insertion is done and the built-in camera enhances the visualization on how the orifice can be targeted. A clear visualization of the treatment or under-treatment. Due to its many advantages the self-instillation by using the UroStill assistive device should be regarded as the optimal solution of the future. orifice can be performed without catheterization due to the use of syringe adapter. It is completely pain-free, less expensive, and the patient is completely independent of deciding the time and frequency of the treatment at home which helps to prevent over-



Let's Welcome the Arrival of UroDapter for Patientsof IC/BPS. We are here for YOU!

INTRAVESICAL COCKTAILS (RESCUE SOLUTIONS)

1.) Anaesthetic cocktail-Robert Moldwin, MD

1:1 mixture of 0.5% Marcaine and 2% Lidocaine jelly – about 40 cc total.

To this solution are added: Heparin sulphate 10,000 IU Triamcinolone 40 mg, Gentamycin 80 mg or a post-procedural prophylactic antibiotic.

4.) Heparin cocktail-Kristene Whitmore, MD

Marcaine 40 ml 0.5 % (sensorcaine)

Heparin sulphate 10,000 IU

Sodium bicarbonate 20 ml

Dexamethasone 2 cc

2. Marcain with steroid cocktail-Nagendra Mishra, MD

Heparin 10,000 units/ml-2ml's Solucortef 125 mg Gentamicin 80mg/2ml-2ml's Sodium Bicarbonate 8.4% -50ml's Marcaine 0.5% -50 ml's

3.) DMSO cocktail-Philip Hanno, MD.

DMSO (Rimso 50) 50 cc Sodium bicarbonate 44 meq (one ampule) Kenalog 10 mg Heparin sulphate 20,000 IU

5. Pentosan polysulfate cocktail - Jurjen J. Bade, MD

Pentosan polysulfate sodium 300mg (=3 ampules each 100mg), Lidocaine 2% 10cc Sodium bicarbonate 4.2% (but can also be 4.8%)-10cc To this should be added sufficient NaCl 0.9% to reach a total volume of 60cc.

6. Heparin cocktail with alkalinized lidocaine-C. Lowell Parsons, MD

Heparin sulphate 40,000 IU Lidocaine 2% 8 mL To reach a total fluid volume of 15 mL

. Two-step cocktail for GAG replenishment – Sandor Lovasz, MD

1st instillation: Lidocain 2% 10ml Sodium bicarbonate 8.4% 2 mL Dexamethasone 4mg 1ml Methylprednisolone 125mg 2ml

2nd instillation:

Heparin sodium 25,000 IU 5ml

Sodium hyaluronate (1,6%) + Sodium chondroitin sulfate (2%) – 10ml

Sodium bicarbonate 8.4% 2 mL

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The Blog is written by Dr. Sapna Biswas [Scientific Writer - GIBS] while it was presented by me at GIBS2021 6th Annual Conference on IC/BPS. - Dr. Sandor Lovasz